THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

061 COMMERCE

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2:30 Hours Friday, 15th November 2013 p.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A and B and two (2) questions from section C.
- 3. Calculators and Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 4. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



SECTION A (20 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

		he items (i) - (x), cher beside the item nu		correct answ	er from among the given alternativ				
(i)	An over draft exists when								
	A	a current account shows deposits without withdrawals							
	В	a current account shows more deposits than withdrawals							
	\mathbf{C}	a loan has been granted by a bank to a customer							
	D	the balance in current account falls below the specified amount							
	E	a current account shows larger amount of withdrawals than deposits.							
(ii)	Whic	Which one of the following statement is NOT true about a bill of exchange?							
	A	It must be accepted by the drawee.							
	В	It must bear appropriate stamp duty.							
	C	It must be signed by the drawer.							
	D	It must be payable on demand.							
	E	It can be paid at a stated future date.							
(iii)	The j	The principal document in an insurance contract is							
	A	Policy.	В	Cover note	e. C Proposal form.				
	D	Certificate.	E	Premium.					
(iv)	If em	If employer wishes to pay a number of employees with one cheque he may use							
	A	standing order	В	credit tran	dit transfer C traveller's cheque				
	D	credit card	E	money ord	ler.				
(v)	A credit note is issued to correct								
	A	any error in an invoice		В	an overcharge in an invoice				
	\mathbf{C}	an undercharge in an invoice		oice D	an overcharge in a statement				
	E	an undercharge in a statement.							
(vi)	The	The function with is NOT usually performed by a retailer is							
	A	Transport goods.		В	Storage of goods.				
	\mathbf{C}	Advice to customer.		D	Changing the form of goods.				
	E	Selling goods to the wholesaler.							
(vii)	The	The most suitable type of account for a businessman is							
	A	A savings account.		В	A current account.				
	C	A deposit account.		D	A contract saves account.				
	Е	A company account.							

- (viii) The list of documents prepared in the course of commercial transaction in the right order of being raised is
 - A Order, inquiry, quotation, invoice, statement, receipt.
 - B Quotation, inquiry, invoice, order, cheque, statement.
 - C Inquiry, quotation, order, invoice, statement, cheque.
 - D Quotation, inquiry, order, invoice, cheque, statement.
 - E Inquiry, order, quotation, invoice, statement, cheque.
- (ix) The group which represents a broad classification of human occupations is
 - A Commerce, production and aids to trade.
 - B Trade and aids to trade.
 - C Banking, insurance and transportation.
 - D Extractive, manufacturing and constructive industries.
 - E Industrial and tertiary.
- (x) If Tanzania exports more goods to Uganda than she imports from the same country, her balance of
 - A trade is favourable
 - B trade is unfavourable
 - C payment is favourable
 - D payment is unfavourable
 - E trade and payment are favourable

2. Match the items in **Column A** with the responses in **Column B** by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number.

	Column A	Column B		
(i)	The quantity of a commodity that producer is		Excess supply	
	willing and able to sale.	В	Elasticity of supply	
(ii)	More commodities are supplied together.	С	Cross elasticity of supply	
(iii)	An increase in the production of one commodity implies a decrease in the production of the other.	D	Law of supply	
(iv)	Relationship between the quantity of a commodity		Change in quantity supplied	
	supplied and the price.	F	Supply curve	
(v)	Shows relationship between the quantity supplied and the price.	G	Change in supply	
(vi)	Any price above the equilibrium price.	Н	Supply	
(vii)	The higher the price the more the commodities supplied.		Inelastic supply	
(11)			Supply schedule	
(viii)	The sensitivity of supply for a product due to a change in price.		Unitary supply	
			Elastic supply	
(ix)	The movement of a supply are to the right or left due to a change in the factors affecting supply.	M	Joint supply	
(x)	The movement along a supply are due to commodity price changes.		Inelastic supply curve	
			Competitive supply	

SECTION B (40 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

- 3. With the aid of diagram, show classification of occupations.
- 4. (a) Enumerate five services offered by the post office in Tanzania.
 - (b) Explain five factors that influence demand for goods in a market.
- 5. (a) State five limitations of cooperative society.
 - (b) Outline five merits of railway transport.

- 6. (a) Give five differences between insurance and gambling.
 - (b) Under which circumstances would cash payment be preferred over cheque payment?

SECTION C (40 Marks)

Answer two (2) questions from this section.

- 7. (a) Describe five main services provided to the government by a Central Bank.
 - (b) Elaborate five factors affecting a particular share's price.
- 8. (a) Explain five disadvantages of advertising.
 - (b) Describe five problems faced by exporters which do not affect people in domestic trading.
- 9. (a) It has been said that, "a wholesaler has nothing to do to the manufacturer". Discuss by giving six concrete points.
 - (b) Elaborate four ways in which the government spends its money.
- 10. (a) Evaluate four factors that a bank should put into consideration before providing loan to a customer.
 - (b) Name and explain six economic effects of taxation.